

Safety Data Sheet

Predator™ 5000

1. Product and company identification

Product name	: Predator™ 5000
Synonym	: 3,3'-methylenebis[5-methyloxazolidine]
CAS number	: 66204-44-2
Material uses	: Petrochemical industry: Fuel additive. Biocide. Fuel Preservative.
Internal code	: FS-001036
System code	: VG-000416
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 2020-05-13
Date of previous issue	: 2020-04-16
Version	: 1.07
Supplier	: Innospec Fuel Specialties LLC 8310 South Valley Highway Suite 350 Englewood CO, 80112 USA
Information contact	: 1-800-441-9547
e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS	: sdsinfo@innospecinc.com
NON-emergency enquiries	: corporatecommunications@innospecinc.com

Emergency telephone number

In USA, Canada and North America, 24 hour / 7 day emergency information for our product is provided by the CHEMTREC® Emergency Call Center based in the USA

Country information	: Emergency telephone number
USA, Canada, Puerto Rico, Virgin Islands	: +1 800 424 9300
In case of difficulties, or for ships at sea	: +1 703 527 3887

In Europe, Middle East, Africa, Asia Pacific and South America 24 hour / 7 day emergency response for our products is provided by the NCEC CARECHEM 24 global network



The main regional centres are listed here in Section 1.

Other local contact numbers for specific language support in Asia Pacific are listed in Section 16

Country information	Emergency telephone number	Location
South America (all countries)	: +1 215 207 0061	Philadelphia USA
Brazil	: +55 11 3197 5891	Brazil
Mexico	: +52 555 004 8763	Mexico
Europe (all countries) Middle East, Africa (French, Portuguese, English)	: +44 (0) 1235 239 670	London, UK
Middle East, Africa (Arabic, French, English)	: +44 (0) 1235 239 671	Lebanon
Asia Pacific (all countries except China)	: +65 3158 1074	Singapore

Date of issue/Date of revision : 2020-05-13

1. Product and company identification

China

: 400 120 6011

Beijing China

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture : ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 3
 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
 SKIN CORROSION - Category 1B
 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1
 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1A
 GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 2
 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B
 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (gastrointestinal tract, respiratory tract) - Category 2

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H311 - Toxic in contact with skin.
 H302 + H332 - Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.
 H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
 H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.
 H350 - May cause cancer.
 H341 - Suspected of causing genetic defects.
 H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (gastrointestinal tract, respiratory tract)

Precautionary statements

Prevention

: P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.
 P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
 P280 - Wear protective gloves: > 8 hours (breakthrough time): butyl rubber (0.7 mm); 1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time): nitrile rubber (0.7 mm); < 1 hour (breakthrough time): nitrile rubber (0.11 mm). Wear eye or face protection: Recommended: splash goggles. Wear protective clothing.
 P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
 P260 - Do not breathe vapor.
 P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
 P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
 P272 (OSHA) - Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

Response

: P314 - Get medical attention if you feel unwell.
 P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention.
 P304 + P340 + P310 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.
 P301 + P310 + P330 + P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.
 P303 + P361 + P353 + P363 + P310 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.

Section 2. Hazards identification

P302 + P361+P364 + P352 + P312 + P363 - IF ON SKIN: Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention.

P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.

Storage : P405 - Store locked up.

Disposal : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Hazards not otherwise classified : None known.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Substance

Chemical name : reaction products of paraformaldehyde and 2-hydroxypropylamine (ratio 3:2) [MBO]

Other means of identification : 3,3'-methylenebis[5-methyloxazolidine]

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Reaction products of paraformaldehyde and 2-hydroxypropylamine (ratio 3:2) [MBO]	99 - 100	66204-44-2

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

Additional information

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

Inhalation : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Section 4. First aid measures

- Skin contact** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
- Ingestion** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove dentures if any. Wash out mouth with water. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.
- Inhalation** : Harmful if inhaled.
- Skin contact** : Causes severe burns. Toxic in contact with skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- Ingestion** : Harmful if swallowed.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain
watering
redness
- Inhalation** : No specific data.
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain or irritation
redness
blistering may occur
- Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
stomach pains

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

- Notes to physician** : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : None known.
- Specific hazards arising from the chemical** : In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.
- Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:
carbon dioxide
carbon monoxide
nitrogen oxides
- Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
- Flash point** : Closed cup: >100°C (>212°F) [ISO 2719]

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
- For emergency responders** : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
- Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

- Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
- Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

- Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
- Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
- Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities** : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

None.

- Appropriate engineering controls** : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.
- Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

- Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
- Eye/face protection** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead. Recommended: splash goggles

Skin protection

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

- Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. > 8 hours (breakthrough time): butyl rubber (0.7 mm)
1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time): nitrile rubber (0.7 mm)
< 1 hour (breakthrough time): nitrile rubber (0.11 mm)
- Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Respiratory protection** : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.
- Personal protective equipment (Pictograms)** :



Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

- Physical state** : Liquid. [Clear to slightly hazy liquid.]
- Color** : Colorless to light yellow. [Light]
- Odor** : Amine-like.
- Odor threshold** : Not available.
- pH** : 10 [Conc. (% w/w): 0.14%]
- Melting point/freezing point** : <-35°C (<-31°F)
- Boiling point** : >200°C (>392°F)
- Flash point** : Closed cup: >100°C (>212°F) [ISO 2719]
- Evaporation rate** : Not available.
- Flammability (solid, gas)** : Not available.
- Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits** : Not available.
- Vapor pressure** : Not available.
- Vapor density** : Not available.
- Density** : 1.049 to 1.069 g/cm³ [20°C (68°F)]
- Specific gravity** : Not available.
- Density** : 8.871 lbs/gal
- Solubility** : Easily soluble in the following materials: cold water, hot water.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	: -0.3
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >0.07 cm ² /s (>7 cSt) [ISO 3104 / DIN 51562]

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: No specific data.
Incompatible materials	: No specific data. Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials and acids. Decomposition products may include the following materials: Formaldehyde.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Species	Result	Dose
Reaction products of paraformaldehyde and 2-hydroxypropylamine (ratio 3:2) [MBO]	OECD 436 Acute Inhalation Toxicity - Acute Toxic Class (ATC) Method	Rat	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	2 mg/l 4 hours
reaction products of paraformaldehyde and 2-hydroxypropylamine (ratio 3:2) [MBO]	OECD 436 Acute Inhalation Toxicity - Acute Toxic Class (ATC) Method	Rat	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	2 mg/l 4 hours
	-	Rat	LD50 Dermal	790 mg/kg -
	-	Rat	LD50 Oral	630 mg/kg -

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Test	Species	Result
Reaction products of paraformaldehyde and 2-hydroxypropylamine (ratio 3:2) [MBO]	OECD 404 Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion	Rabbit	Skin - Severe irritant -
	OECD 405 Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion	Rabbit	Eyes - Severe irritant -

Conclusion/Summary

Skin	: Severely irritating to the skin.
Eyes	: Severely irritating to eyes.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Sensitization

Product/ingredient name	Test	Species	Result
Reaction products of paraformaldehyde and 2-hydroxypropylamine (ratio 3:2) [MBO]	OECD 406 Skin Sensitization	Guinea pig	Sensitizing -
reaction products of paraformaldehyde and 2-hydroxypropylamine (ratio 3:2) [MBO]	OECD 406 406 Skin Sensitization	Guinea pig	Sensitizing -

Mutagenicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Experiment	Result
Reaction products of paraformaldehyde and 2-hydroxypropylamine (ratio 3:2) [MBO]	-	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Mammalian-Animal	Positive
reaction products of paraformaldehyde and 2-hydroxypropylamine (ratio 3:2) [MBO]	-	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Mammalian-Animal	Positive

Carcinogenicity

Not classified or listed by IARC, NTP, OSHA, EU and ACGIH.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Reaction products of paraformaldehyde and 2-hydroxypropylamine (ratio 3:2) [MBO]	Category 2	Not determined	gastrointestinal tract and respiratory tract
reaction products of paraformaldehyde and 2-hydroxypropylamine (ratio 3:2) [MBO]	Category 2	Not determined	gastrointestinal tract and respiratory tract

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Reaction products of paraformaldehyde and 2-hydroxypropylamine (ratio 3:2) [MBO]	Acute EC50 5.7 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
reaction products of paraformaldehyde and 2-hydroxypropylamine (ratio 3:2) [MBO]	Acute EC50 37.9 mg/l Acute LC50 57.7 mg/l Acute EC50 5.7 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia Magna Fish - Brachidanio rerio Algae	48 hours 96 hours 72 hours
	Acute EC50 37.9 mg/l Acute LC50 57.7 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia Magna Fish - Brachidanio rerio	48 hours 96 hours

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result
Reaction products of paraformaldehyde and 2-hydroxypropylamine (ratio 3:2) [MBO]	OECD 301B Ready Biodegradability - CO ₂ Evolution Test	89.8 % - Readily - 28 days

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Reaction products of paraformaldehyde and 2-hydroxypropylamine (ratio 3:2) [MBO]	-	-	Readily

Bioaccumulative potential




Product/ingredient name	LogP _{ow}	BCF	Potential
Reaction products of paraformaldehyde and 2-hydroxypropylamine (ratio 3:2) [MBO]	-0.3	-	low
reaction products of paraformaldehyde and 2-hydroxypropylamine (ratio 3:2) [MBO]	-0.3	-	low

Section 13. Disposal considerations

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN2922	UN2922	UN2922
UN proper shipping name	Corrosive liquids, toxic, n.o.s. (reaction products of paraformaldehyde and 2-hydroxypropylamine (ratio 3:2) [MBO])	CORROSIVE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S. (reaction products of paraformaldehyde and 2-hydroxypropylamine (ratio 3:2) [MBO]). Marine pollutant (reaction products of paraformaldehyde and 2-hydroxypropylamine (ratio 3:2) [MBO])	Corrosive liquid, toxic, n.o.s. (reaction products of paraformaldehyde and 2-hydroxypropylamine (ratio 3:2) [MBO])
Transport hazard class(es)	8 (6.1) 	8 (6.1) 	8 (6.1) 
Packing group	II	II	II
Environmental hazards	No.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Additional information	<p>Limited quantity Yes.</p> <p>Packaging instruction Exceptions: 154. Non-bulk: 202. Bulk: 243.</p> <p>Quantity limitation Passenger aircraft/rail: 1 L. Cargo aircraft: 30 L.</p> <p>Special provisions B3, IB2, T7, TP2</p>	<p>The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.</p> <p>Emergency schedules F-A, S-B</p> <p>Special provisions 274</p> <p>IMDG Code Segregation group 18 - Alkalies</p>	

Special precautions for user : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations : **United States inventory (TSCA 8b)**: All components are listed or exempted.

SARA 302/304

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 311/312

Classification : Immediate (acute) health hazard
Delayed (chronic) health hazard

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Fire hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
Reaction products of paraformaldehyde and 2-hydroxypropylamine (ratio 3:2) [MBO]	60 - 100	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes.

State regulations

Massachusetts : None of the components are listed.
New York : None of the components are listed.
New Jersey : None of the components are listed.
Pennsylvania : None of the components are listed.
California Prop. 65 : This product does not require a Safe Harbor warning under California Prop. 65.

International lists

National inventory

Australia inventory (AICS) : All components are listed or exempted.
Canada inventory : All components are listed or exempted.
China inventory (IECSC) : All components are listed or exempted.
Europe inventory : All components are listed or exempted.
Japan inventory (ENCS) : **Japan inventory (ENCS)**: Not determined.
Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.
New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC) : All components are listed or exempted.
Philippines inventory (PICCS) : All components are listed or exempted.
Korea inventory (KECI) : All components are listed or exempted.
Taiwan inventory (TCSI) : All components are listed or exempted.
United States inventory (TSCA 8b) : All components are listed or exempted.

Our REACH (pre-) registrations DO NOT cover the following:

1. The manufacture of these products by our company outside the EU unless covered by the Only Representative provisions, and
2. The importation of these products into Europe by other companies. Re-importation by other companies is not covered by our (pre-) registrations

Customers and other third parties importing and/or re-importing our products into Europe will need either:

- Their own (pre-) registration for substances contained in the imported product, or constituent monomers (imported above 1 tonne per year and >2% by weight) in the case of imported polymers, or
- In the case of importation only, to make use of the "Only Representative" provisions, if available.

FIFRA

Date of issue/Date of revision : 2020-05-13

12/14

Section 15. Regulatory information

EPA Registration Number: : 95475-2-68827

This chemical is a pesticide product registered by the Environmental Protection Agency and is subject to certain labeling requirements under federal pesticide law. These requirements differ from the classification criteria and hazard information required for safety data sheets, and for workplace labels of non-pesticide chemicals. Listed below is the hazard information as required on the pesticide label.

Signal word : DANGER

Hazard statements : Danger. Corrosive. Causes skin burns. Causes irreversible eye damage. Harmful if swallowed. Do not breathe vapors. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health	*	3
Flammability		1
Physical hazards		0

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

History

Date of printing : 2020-05-15

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Date of previous issue : 2020-04-16

Version : 1.07

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Section 16. Other information

Key to abbreviations

- : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
- BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
- GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
- IATA = International Air Transport Association
- IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
- IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
- LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
- MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
- UN = United Nations

✔ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.